

SOLVE BY ELIMINATION

$$x' = 3y$$

$$y' = 2x - y$$

$$x' - 3y = 0$$

$$\textcircled{1} D[x] - 3[y] = 0$$

$$-2x + y' + y = 0 \rightarrow \textcircled{2} -2[x] + (D+1)[y] = 0$$

$$2[\textcircled{1}]$$

$$2D[x] - 6[y] = 0$$

$$D[\textcircled{2}]$$

$$-2D[x] + D(D+1)[y] = 0$$

$$(D(D+1) - 6)[y] = 0$$

$$r(r+1) - 6 = 0$$

$$r^2 + r - 6 = 0$$

$$(r+3)(r-2) = 0$$

$$r = -3, 2$$

$$y = C_1 e^{-3t} + C_2 e^{2t}$$

$$(D+1)[\textcircled{1}]$$

$$D(D+1)[x] - 3(D+1)[y] = 0$$

$$3[\textcircled{2}]$$

$$-6[x] + 3(D+1)[y] = 0$$

$$(D(D+1) - 6)[x] = 0$$

$$x = k_1 e^{-3t} + k_2 e^{2t}$$

HOW ARE THE COEF'S IN X, Y RELATED?

$$-3k_1 e^{-3t} + 2k_2 e^{2t} = 3C_1 e^{-3t} + 3C_2 e^{2t}$$

$$-3k_1 = 3C_1 \quad 2k_2 = 3C_2$$

$$k_1 = -C_1 \quad k_2 = \frac{3}{2}C_2$$

$$x = -C_1 e^{-3t} + \frac{3}{2}C_2 e^{2t}$$

$$y = C_1 e^{-3t} + C_2 e^{2t}$$

SOLVE

$$\begin{aligned}x' - 3x + 2y &= \sin t \\ -4x + y' + y &= -\cos t\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\textcircled{1} (D-3)[x] + 2[y] &= \sin t \\ \textcircled{2} -4[x] + (D+1)[y] &= -\cos t\end{aligned}$$

$$(D+1)\textcircled{1}$$

$$\rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

$$(D+1)(D-3)[x] + 2(D+1)[y] = \cos t + \sin t$$

$$8[x] - 2(D+1)[y] = 2\cos t$$

$$\begin{aligned}+ \downarrow \\ (D+1)[\sin t] &= (\sin t)' + \sin t \\ &= \cos t + \sin t\end{aligned}$$

$$(D+1)(D-3) + 8)[x] = 3\cos t + \sin t$$

$$(r+1)(r-3) + 8 = 0$$

$$r^2 - 2r + 5 = 0 \rightarrow x'' - 2x' + 5x$$

$$(r^2 - 2r + 1) + 4 = 0$$

$$(r-1)^2 = -4$$

$$r-1 = \pm 2i$$

$$r = 1 \pm 2i$$

$$x_h = C_1 e^{t \cos 2t} + C_2 e^{t \sin 2t}$$

$$x_p = A \cos t + B \sin t$$

$$x'_p = B \cos t - A \sin t$$

$$x''_p = -A \cos t - B \sin t$$

$$\begin{aligned}x''_p - 2x'_p + 5x_p &= (4A-2B) \cos t \\ -2B \cos t + 2A \sin t &+ 5A \cos t + 5B \sin t \\ &= (4A-2B) \cos t \\ &\quad + (2A+4B) \sin t \\ &= 3 \cos t + 5 \sin t\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}4A-2B &= 3 \\ 2A+4B &= 1 \\ 8A-4B &= 6 \\ 10A &= 7 \\ A &= \frac{7}{10}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}4A-2B &= 3 \\ -4A-8B &= -2\end{aligned}$$

$$-10B = 1$$

$$B = -\frac{1}{10}$$

$$\begin{aligned}x &= \frac{7}{10} \cos t - \frac{1}{10} \sin t \\ &\quad + C_1 e^{t \cos 2t} + C_2 e^{t \sin 2t}\end{aligned}$$

$$4[①]$$

$$4(D-3)[x] + 8[y] = 4\sin t$$

$$(D-3)E \cos t = (\cos t)' - 3(\cos t)$$
$$= +\sin t + 3\cos t$$

$$(D-3)[②]$$

$$-4(D-3)[x] + (D-3)(D+1)[y] = +\sin t + 3\cos t$$

$$((D-3)(D+1)+8)[y] = 3^5 \sin t + 3\cos t$$

$$y_n = k_1 e^t \cos 2t + k_2 e^t \sin 2t$$

$$y_p = C \cos t + E \sin t$$

$$\cancel{4C - 2E = +3}$$

$$\cancel{2C + 4E = 3^5}$$

$$\cancel{8C - 4E = -6}$$

$$\cancel{10C = -3}$$

$$\cancel{C = -\frac{3}{10}}$$

*(-2)

$$-4C - 8E = -6$$

$$4C - 2E = 3$$

$$-10E = -9$$

$$E = \frac{9}{10}$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{10} \cos t + \frac{9}{10} \sin t + k_1 e^t \cos 2t + k_2 e^t \sin 2t$$

$$x = \frac{7}{10} \cos t - \frac{1}{10} \sin t + C_1 e^t \cos 2t + C_2 e^t \sin 2t$$

$$4C - 2E = 3$$

$$2C + 4E = 5$$

$$8C - 4E = 6$$

$$10C = 11$$

$$C = \frac{11}{10}$$

$$4C - 2E = 3$$

$$-4C - 8E = -10$$

$$-10E = -7$$

$$E = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 -4x &= -\frac{28}{10} \cos t + \frac{4}{10} \sin t + 4c_1 e^t \cos 2t - 4c_2 e^t \sin 2t \\
 + y' &= \frac{78}{10} \cos t + \frac{-11}{10} \sin t + k_1 e^t \cos 2t - 2k_1 e^t \sin 2t \\
 + y &\quad + 2k_2 e^t \cos 2t + k_2 e^t \sin 2t \\
 \hline
 &= \frac{-13}{10} \cos t + \frac{9}{10} \sin t + k_1 e^t \cos 2t + k_2 e^t \sin 2t
 \end{aligned}$$